



Extensible Parsers

– LRParser and UPC Extensions

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Overview

- Goals
 - To create a parser framework that allows language extensions to be easily added to CDT
 - Modularity
 - Clean implementation, maintainability
 - Performance

- Support for Unified Parallel C (UPC) needed by the Parallel Tools Project
 - UPC spec is an extension to the C99 spec



C99 Parser in CDT 4.0

- C99 parser base
 - Designed to be extensible
- UPC parser
 - Built on top of C99 parser

Language Extensibility in CDT

- What CDT currently provides
 - Extension point for adding new parsers
 - Map languages to content types
 - Syntax highlighting can be extended to new keywords
 - Add new types of AST nodes

- What CDT does not provide
 - A parser that can be directly extended to support new syntax
 - A reusable preprocessor
 - *Edit (2012): this is no longer true, the CDT preprocessor was rewritten and is now reusable*

C99 Parser in CDT 4.0

- Different approach than the DOM parser
 - DOM parser completely hand written

- C99 Parser generated from grammar files using a parser generator
 - Using LPG - LALR Parser Generator
 - Bottom-up parsing approach
 - Grammar file looks similar to the spec

- Some parts of DOM parser are reused
 - AST
 - LocationMap



LPG – LALR Parser Generator

- Two parts
 - The generator (lpg.exe)
 - Generates parse tables from grammar file
 - Parse tables are basically a specification of a finite state machine
 - The runtime (java library)
 - Contains the parser driver and supporting classes
 - Parser driver interprets the parse tables



LPG – LALR Parser Generator

- LPG is used by several eclipse projects including:
 - Model Development Tools (MDT)
 - Graphical Modeling Framework (GMF)
 - Generative Modeling Technologies (GMT)
 - Data Tools Platform (DTP)
 - SAFARI
 - Java Development Tools (JDT, in the bytecode compiler)

- Part of Orbit project

LPG – Benefits

- Automatic
 - Computation of AST node offsets
 - Backtracking
 - Syntax error recovery

- Clean separation of parser and the code that builds the AST

- Grammar file inheritance
 - Source of parser extensibility



C99 Grammar File Example

statement

```
 ::= labeled_statement
   | compound_statement
   | expression_statement
   | selection_statement
   | iteration_statement
   | jump_statement
   | ERROR_TOKEN
   /.$ba consumeStatementProblem(); $ea./
```

iteration_statement

```
 ::= 'do' statement 'while' '(' expression ')' ';'
   /.$ba consumeStatementDoLoop(); $ea./

   | 'while' '(' expression ')' statement
   /.$ba consumeStatementWhileLoop(); $ea./

   | 'for' '(' expression ';' expression ';' expression ')' statement
   /.$ba consumeStatementForLoop(true, true, true); $ea./
```



AST Building Actions

```
/**
 * iteration_statement ::= 'while' '(' expression ')' statement
 */
public void consumeStatementWhileLoop() {

    IASTWhileStatement whileStatement = nodeFactory.newWhileStatement();

    IASTStatement body      = (IASTStatement) astStack.pop();
    IASTExpression condition = (IASTExpression) astStack.pop();

    whileStatement.setBody(body);
    body.setParent(whileStatement);
    body.setPropertyInParent(IASTWhileStatement.BODY);

    whileStatement.setCondition(condition);
    condition.setParent(whileStatement);
    condition.setPropertyInParent(IASTWhileStatement.CONDITIONEXPRESSION);

    setOffsetAndLength(whileStatement);

    astStack.push(whileStatement);
}
```



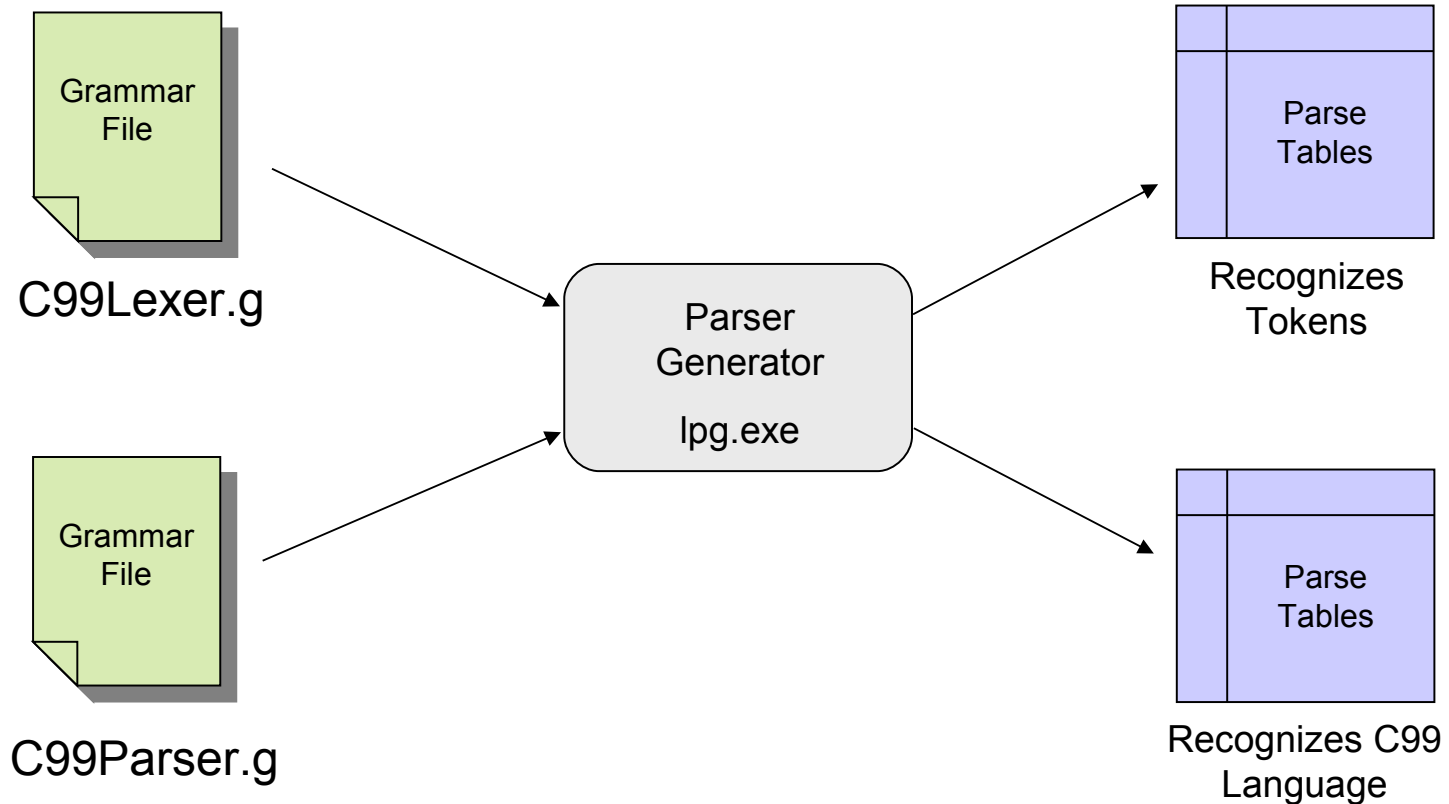
Content Assist

- 5 simple grammar rules

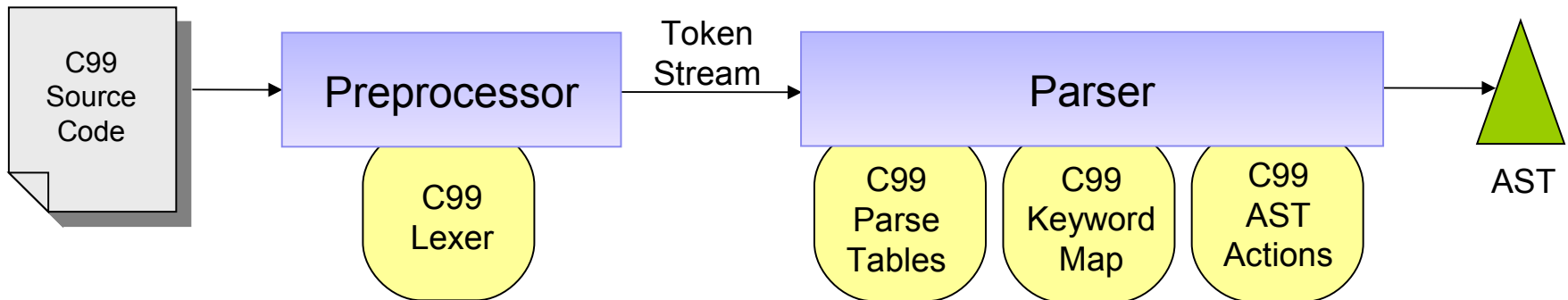
```
ident ::= 'identifier' | 'Completion'  
  
']' ::=? 'RightBracket' | 'EndOfCompletion'  
)' ::=? 'RightParen' | 'EndOfCompletion'  
'}' ::=? 'RightBrace' | 'EndOfCompletion'  
';' ::=? 'SemiColon' | 'EndOfCompletion'
```

- First rule says that a Completion token can occur anywhere an identifier token can occur.
- Next 4 rules allow the parse to complete successfully after a Completion token has been encountered.

Generating The Parser From Grammar Files



Architecture of C99 Parser





Extensibility – Supporting UPC

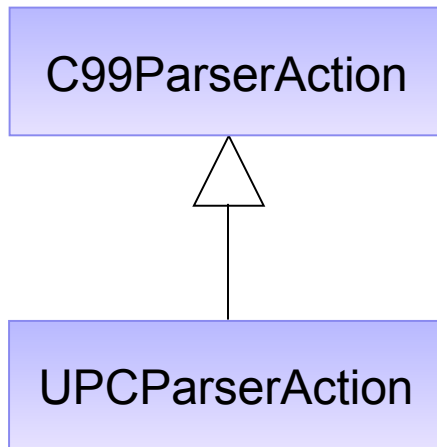
- UPC grammar file extends the C99 grammar file
 - Adds new grammar rules for UPC syntax
 - Generates new parse tables that recognize UPC

```
$Import  
    C99Parser.g  
$End
```

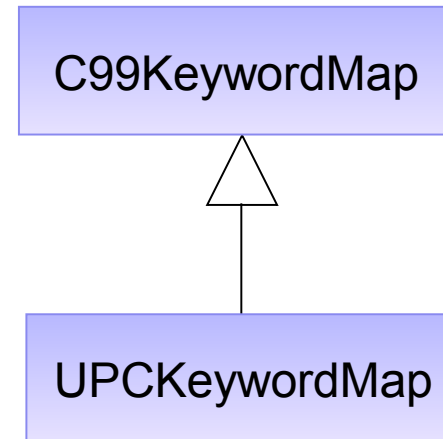
```
iteration_statement  
    ::= 'upc_forall' '(' expression ';' expression ';' expression ';'   
        affinity ')' statement  
    /.$ba consumeStatementUPCForallLoop(true, true, true, true); $ea./
```

Extensibility – Supporting UPC

- Extend C99 classes.



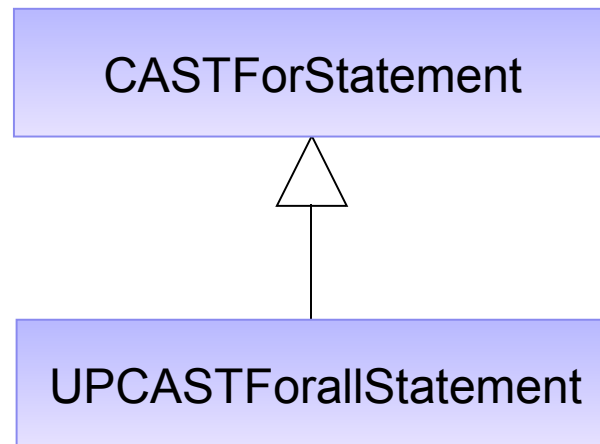
Adds actions for new
grammar rules



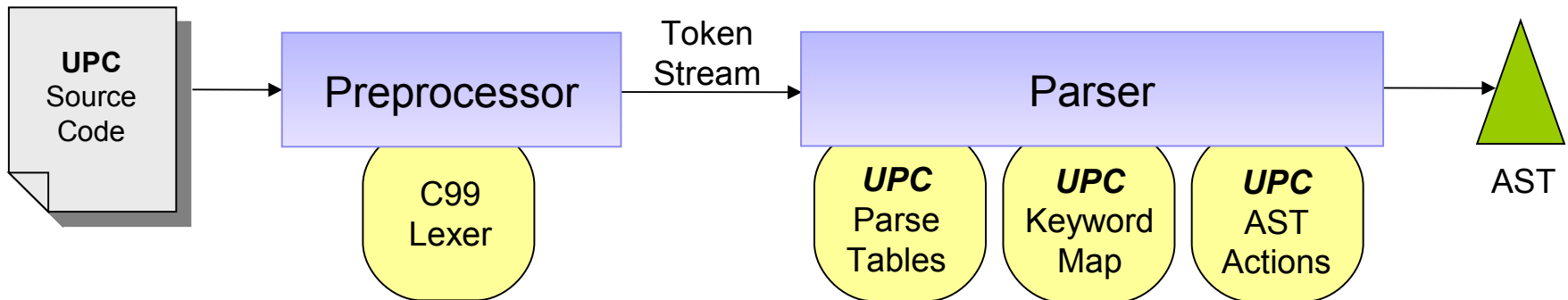
Adds mappings for new
UPC keywords like
'upc_forall'

Extensibility – Supporting UPC

- Create AST node classes for new language constructs



Architecture of UPC Parser



Future Work

- Make the preprocessor reusable
 - Reusable on any token stream
 - Use for FORTRAN etc...

- Support for C++
 - Advanced approach
 - *Edit (2012) – an extensible LR parser for C++ is now available*

- Provide compiler specific extensions
 - GCC, XLC etc...

- Further performance enhancements
 - We haven't spent much time on optimizations yet